### III B. Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, October/November-2016 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND PATENTS

(CIVIL, MECH, EEE, ECE, EIE, ECC, AME, MM, AGE & AE)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B PART -A 1 a) Internet poses new challenges to copyright rights protection in the digital era. Explain [4M] the statement. Service Marks are also protected under the Intellectual Property Law. Identify the law b) [4M] that protects service marks and state the importance of service marks. Turmeric is a well known remedy for various injuries and beauty treatments. State the [3M] nature of IPR protection given by law. Canon Digital Camera has come up with a new model in 2015 October and they want to [4M] protect this new invention of their company in India. Which law protects this invention? Write about Coca-Cola formula and its IPR protection. [3M] e) Write about World Intellectual Protection Organization and its functions. [4M] f) PART -B 2 a) What do you mean by Intellectual Property Rights? [4M] State the value of Intellectual Property Rights in the present days. Why and what value [4M] does intellectual property create for the companies? What are the different kinds of Intellectual Property Rights? Give example for each one [8M] of them. 3 a) 'X' company uses a mark which is very similar to the Trade Marks of 'Y' company and [8M] starts selling its products successfully. The revenue of the 'Y' company has also decreased. What can 'Y' company do? State the remedy/ies that 'Y' company can get from 'X' company. b) What do you mean by Trade Mark/s? State the IP law relating to Trade Marks and [8M] describe its nature. What are the requirements to be fulfilled for a Patent grant? State the process from [8M] a) patent search till the grant of patent. Distinguish between Patent Protection and Trade Secrets. Give examples and explain [8M] each of these Intellectual property rights and its infringements. 5 a) Explain the subject matter of copyrights with the help of examples. Are Collective work [8M]and Derivative work also copyrightable? Can the owner of the copyright own the copyright even without registration? Can an [8M]

owner transfer his copyrights to others? Explain with examples.

Code No: RT31016 (R13) (SET - 1)

Semiconductor Chip Protection law is made with against the chip Piracy. Reverse 6 a) [4M] Engineering is one of the best methods used for infringements. Discuss. How is India developing its Intellectual Property Laws to comply with the International [8M] Standards? State the International aspects of IPR laws and the agencies responsible for their protection. What are the Methods of protecting Trade Secrets. Explain. [4M] E-commerce transactions are protected under Information Technology Act, 2000 (IT [8M] Act). Explain the benefits of e-commerce and e-governance. b) Data security is a challenging task for the individuals, companies and government. The [8M] large amount of data collection is a risk to protect privacy and confidentiality. Discuss the penalties, compensations and offences under IT Act 2000.

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Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory

3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

#### PART -A

1 a) Which law protects movies and its related rights? Identify and explain the importance [4M] of this Law. b) Fish medicine given by one of the well known Family in India is also protected under [3M] the Intellectual Property Rights. Identify the law and explain its nature. A chemical is invented by a group of researchers. This is a new chemical that can be [4M] used for manufacturing fertilizer. What kind of an intellectual property can protect this invention? d) Which law protects the logo/s of companies? Identity the law with examples. [4M] Write a short note on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS). [4M] e) Write about Virus Attack on Computers. [3M]PART -B 2 a) State the meaning of originality and fixation in copyright law with all the categories of [6M] works that are protected. Explain with examples as to why an Idea cannot be copyrighted? b) When do copyrighted work come to the public domain and allowed to be used by [4M] public? c) What are the rights and remedies available to the copyright holder/owner? Write the [6M] meaning of Fair Dealing. 3 a) State the essentials to be fulfilled to get a patent for a product. [4M] Give an overview of Patent Act, 1970 and state as to how it protects the Patentee. [8M] In some countries Software Programs are Copyrighted and in few it is Patented. [4M] Describe. 4 a) Trade Marks not only protects the company of its trade marks but also protects the [6M] interest of the consumers. Comment and explain the purpose of Trademark law. Trade Marks are registered and infringement of registered trademark is a civil wrong [6M] as well as an offence. Discuss as to how they can be infringed with special reference to passing- off as a remedy. Collective Trade Mark, Well Known Trademarks and Certification Mark are protected [4M] under the Trade Marks law. Elucidate with illustrations.

Code No: RT31016 (R13) (SET - 2)

5	a)	New types of crimes are taking place in cyberspace. The use of internet leads to increase in cybercrimes. Which law in India makes various crimes as cyber crimes?	[4M]
	b)	State the e-governance initiatives taken up by India with special reference to State of Andhra Pradesh with the help of examples.	[6M]
	c)	Online buying and selling of goods and services help economic development. Give examples of online commerce and state its advantages and disadvantages. Explain as to how the Information Technology Act, 2000 facilitates e-commerce.	[6M]
6	a)	Which are the International Agencies that are facilitating the development of Intellectual Property laws?	[8M]
	b)	Every Intellectual Property rights aim at protecting different rights of the owner/proprietor of the right. State all the types of IPR's with examples and their related laws in India.	[8M]
7	a) b)	What are Trade Secrets? Give Examples. What are the methods to protect the trade secrets?	[4M] [6M]
	c)	Distinguish between Trade Secrets and Patent Protection.	[6M]

Code No: RT31016 (R13) (SET - 3)

# III B. Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, October/November - 2016 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND PATENTS

(Civil Engineering)

	Time: 3 hours Max. Mark	·s· 70					
Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)  2. Answering the question in Part-A is compulsory  3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B							
PART -A							
1	a) A group of people are using a plant extract to produce a homemade preparation the gives immunity to human body and also enhancing energy. However, these ramaterials and the temperature for the growing of these trees are available only in the region of Andhra Pradesh (Tribal Area) and well known throughout the worl Which IPR can protect the groups of people for making it and prevent other people from making the same?	w he d.					
	<ul><li>b) State the objectives of enacting Information Technology Law in India.</li><li>c) Motor Car Design that has aesthetic looks or appearance is protected under which the Intellectual Property Rights. Explain.</li></ul>	[4M] of [4M]					
	d) Your friend wrote a book on C++. What Intellectual property would protect h authorship? Can you also write a book on same subject i.e. C++ and get protection under this law? Discuss the protection given under law to the authors of books.						
	<ul> <li>e) Domain name is also Trade Mark. Is the statement true?</li> <li>f) Industrial Designs is one of the classifications of Intellectual Property law. Explain.</li> </ul>	[4M] [3M]					
	PART -B						
2	<ul><li>a) What do you understand by Patent? State the features to be proved to get a patent grant. State the specifications that are to be submitted to the Patent office.</li><li>b) The state/government can grant compulsory licenses for patents in order to protect the interest of the society. Is it true? Explain</li></ul>	[8M] t [8M]					
3	a) Artistic Work, Music and Literary works are protected under copyright law. Explain with examples.	in [4M]					
	<ul><li>b) Explain the meaning of copyright. Are performers' rights also protected?</li><li>c) State the various rights, infringements and remedies as per the Copyright Law?</li></ul>	[4M] [8M]					
4	a) Information Technology Law was made to facilitate E-commerce and E-governance in India. Discuss as to how the law helps in making e-contracts/online contracts valid.						
	<ul> <li>b) Electronic signature helps in doing globalised trade. How does the Information Technology Act, 2000 facilitate registration of Electronic Signature.</li> <li>c) There are various wrongs that are committed through use of internet and compute These are civil wrongs and offences (popularly known as cybercrimes). Explain wi examples.</li> </ul>						

- 5 a) What are Trade Marks and Service Marks? Write a short note on importance of [8M] Trade Marks Law and its benefits to conduct business.
  - b) What do you mean by likelihood of confusion? State the rights and remedies [8M] available to the Trade Marks proprietor and the assignee.

**SET - 3** 

- 6 a) Misuse/violations of Intellectual Property Rights are increasing. Comment on various [8M] IPR's and their violations with special reference to violations in the digital era.
  - b) Intellectual Property is valued more than the buildings and other properties of the companies. State the importance of IPR's in the globalised world. State the influence of International law changes on National law.
- 7 a) Explain as to why some companies prefer to maintain Trade Secrets than register a [8M] Patent. State the meaning and importance of these two IPR's.
  - b) Non-disclosure agreements and intention to maintain confidentiality is an important [8M] element to protect Trade Secrets. Comment on the statement.

## III B. Tech I Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, October/November - 2016 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND PATENTS

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B) 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B PART -A Define Related or Neighbouring Rights. 1 a) [3M] How is Product Patent different from Process Patent? [4M] What is a Literary Work? c) [3M] d) **Define Trade Secrets** [4M] What is a Cyber Crime? e) [4M] Explain "Likelihood of Confusion" in the context of Trademarks. [4M] PART -B 2 a) Trade secrets protection is very difficult. Comment with special reference to Non-[6M] disclosures agreements between employer and employee. Neem and Basmathi Rice story of India is an example of Geographical Indication. [4M] State the examples and give an overview of this IP Right and its protection in India. Reverse Engineering and Chip Piracy. Which Law provides protection against Chip [6M] Piracy? 3 In India both product and process patent are protected. Analyse. [4M] What is the meaning of patent search and patent infringement? State the process of [8M]filling an application for registration of patent, raise objections and grant of patent. Compulsory Licenses can be issued for the benefit of the people. When is a [4M] Compulsory License issued and revoked? 4 a) International Treaties and Conventions are the guiding principles to make Intellectual [8M] Property Laws for all the countries. India is a member of various conventions and it is constantly changing its laws as per the global requirements. Explain with the help of conventions and treaties related to IPR's. b) What do you understand by Intellectual Property Right? There are varied types of [8M] Intellectual Property Rights. Some are protected through laws and others are by practice. Explain with examples.

5 a) E-contracts are also good (valid) contract as per the Information Technology Act, [8M] 2000. E-contracts help the growth of e-commerce and e-governance. Discuss with examples. b) Cyber Crimes are hindrance to the growth of online/electronic transactions. What are [8M] the different types of cyber crimes? 6 a) State the works in which copyright subsists. When copyrights are said to be [8M] infringed? Certain acts are still not considered to be copyright infringement. Identify them with special reference to Fair Dealing. b) Explain the Broadcasting and Performers' Rights. What are civil remedies available [8M] under the Copyright Law in India? How are the Intellectual Property rights transferred by owner/proprietor? [4M] Which agencies are working for development of law relating to Intellectual Property [6M] rights? Discuss. c) Intellectual Property Rights are the legal rights governing the use of creations of [6M]

human minds. Explain the nature of each of IPRs.

2 of 2

## III B. Tech I Semester Supplementary Examinations, May - 2017 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS AND PATENTS

(Common to CE, EEE, ME, ECE, EIE, ECC, AE, BIOT, AME& AGE)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (Part-A and Part-B)

- 2. Answering the question in **Part-A** is compulsory
- 3. Answer any THREE Questions from Part-B

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### PART-A

I	a)	Define a Patent.	[3M]
	b)	What is a Performer's Right?	[4M]
	c)	What is a Well Known Trade Mark?	[3M]
	d)	What is the purpose of confidentiality agreement?	[4M]
	e)	What is an Injunction?	[4M]
	f)	Explain data Security.	[4M]
		PART -B	
2	a)	Explain different kinds of Industrial Property.	[4M]
	b)	Analyse the provisions of the TRIPS Agreement.	[8M]
	c)	Discuss the Role of WIPO in protection of IPRs.	[4M]
3	a)	What are Derivative Works?	[3M]
	b)	How is Copyright assigned?	[8M]
	c)	What are the remedies in case of infringement of Copyright?	[5M]
4	a)	Explain the subject-matter of Patent protection? What cannot be patented?	[8M]
	b)	Discuss the rights of the Patentees and limitations on them.	[8M]
5	a)	Explain the features of a Good Trademark. What is functional value?	[8M]
	b)	Explain the difference between Infringement and Passing-off in the area of Trademarks.	[8M]
6	a)	Explain the position of Trade Secret Law in India.	[8M]
	b)	What is Unfair Competition? How it is regulated in India?	[8M]
7	a)	Distinguish E-Commerce from traditional form of Commerce.	[8M]
	b)	What are the common Cyber-Crimes committed in the course of E-Commerce?	[8M]