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FORMAL LANGUAGE AND AUTOMATA THEORY

OBJECTIVE:

- Introduce the student to the concepts of Theory of computation in computer science
- The students should acquire insights into the relationship among formal languages, formal Grammars and automat.

UNIT – I: Finite Automata

Why Study Automata Theory? The Central Concepts of Automata Theory, Automation, Finite Automation, Transition Systems, Acceptance of a String by a Finite Automation, DFA, Design of DFAs, NFA, Design of NFA, Equivalence of DFA and NFA, Conversion of NFA into DFA, Finite Automata with E-Transition, Minimization of Finite Automata, Mealy and Moore Machines, Applications and Limitation of Finite Automata.

UNIT – II: Regular Expressions

Regular Expressions, Regular Sets, Identity Rules, Equivalence of two Regular Expressions, Manipulations of Regular Expressions, Finite Automata, and Regular Expressions, Inter Conversion, Equivalence between Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Pumping Lemma, Closers Properties, Applications of Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Grammars, Regular Expressions and Regular Grammars.

UNIT – III: Context Free Grammars

Formal Languages, Grammars, Classification of Grammars, Chomsky Hierarchy Theorem, Context Free Grammar, Leftmost and Rightmost Derivations, Parse Trees, Ambiguous Grammars, Simplification of Context Free Grammars-Elimination of Useless Symbols, E-Productions and Unit Productions, Normal Forms for Context Free Grammars-Chomsky Normal Form and Greibach Normal Form, Pumping Lemma, Closure Properties, Applications of Context Free Grammars.

UNIT – IV: Pushdown Automata

Pushdown Automata, Definition, Model, Graphical Notation, Instantaneous Description Language Acceptance of pushdown Automata, Design of Pushdown Automata, Deterministic and Non – Deterministic Pushdown Automata, Equivalence of Pushdown Automata and Context Free Grammars Conversion, Two Stack Pushdown Automata, Application of Pushdown Automata.

UNIT – V: Turning Machine

Turing Machine, Definition, Model, Representation of Turing Machines-Instantaneous Descriptions, Transition Tables and Transition Diagrams, Language of a Turing Machine, Design of Turing Machines, Techniques for Turing Machine Construction, Types of Turing Machines, Church's Thesis, Universal Turing Machine, Restricted Turing Machine.

UNIT – VI: Computability

Decidable and Un-decidable Problems, Halting Problem of Turing Machines, Post's Correspondence Problem, Modified Post's Correspondence Problem, Classes of P and NP, NP-Hard and NP-Complete Problems.

OUTCOMES:

- Classify machines by their power to recognize languages,
- Employ finite state machines to solve problems in computing,
- Explain deterministic and non-deterministic machines,
- Comprehend the hierarchy of problems arising in the computer science

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation, J.E.Hopcroft, R.Motwani and J.D.Ullman, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2008.
- 2. Theory of Computer Science-Automata, Languages and Computation, K.L.P.Mishra and N.Chandrasekharan, 3rd Edition, PHI, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Formal Language and Automata Theory, K.V.N.Sunitha and N.Kalyani, Pearson, 2015.
- 2. Introduction to Automata Theory, Formal Languages and Computation, Shyamalendu Kandar, Pearson, 2013.
- Theory of Computation, V.Kulkarni, Oxford University Press, 2013.
 Theory of Automata, Languages and Computation, Rajendra Kumar, McGraw Hill, 2014.